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牛津英语故事乐园

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牛津英语故事乐园 (10)

海的女儿

The Girl from the Sea

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插图：胡绍球

象石

The Elephant Rock

著：Paul Mc Guire

插图：陈启贤

台风！

Typhoon!

著：Helen Jacobs

插图：陈聪明

救救动物！

Save the Animals!

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牛津英语故事乐园

The Girl from the Sea

What is a mermaid? A mermaid is half girl and half fish. Marina was a mermaid. She lived in a castle under the sea.

Marina was the youngest of five sisters. All the sisters were very beautiful, but Marina was the most beautiful.

She had long hair and big blue eyes. She had no legs, but a beautiful green and golden fish tail. She swam beautifully like a fish. She sang beautifully, too. Everyone loved Marina. Her best friends were the dolphins, the whales and the turtles. She played with them every day.

She laughed, sang and played, and she was very happy.

Sometimes her older sisters went to the surface of the sea. They saw the sky and the sun, the moon and the stars. Marina wanted to go, too, but she was only fifteen.

At last it was her sixteenth birthday. She was very excited. She swam up and up and up. When she came to the surface of the sea, she raised her beautiful head above the water. What did she see?

She saw the silver-green sea, the sky and the sun. Oh, she was so happy!

She saw a big boat and she swam closer to it. She saw a young man in the boat. He was a prince and he was very handsome. Marina fell in love with him. Then the sky became black. The waves were very big. The Prince's ship went up and down. The Prince fell into the sea!

Puzzles

1. Put the right words under the pictures.

beautiful	handsome	excited	happy
a)	b)	c)	d)

2. What/Who are they?

a) IHLOPDN	b) HLEWA	c) ERICPN
------------	----------	-----------

a_____	a_____
--------	--------

d) RMMDEAI	e) RTTUEL
------------	-----------

a_____	a_____	a_____
--------	--------	--------

Marina was very close to the boat when the Prince fell into the sea. She swam to the Prince and held his head above the water. She swam to the beach and put her handsome Prince gently on the sand. But mermaids cannot stay on the land for long. Marina had to go back into the water.

The Prince opened his eyes and he saw a pretty young girl on the beach. 'She saved me!' he thought, but then the girl walked away.

Marina watched. 'I saved him but he did not see me,' she thought. She was very sad.

Marina thought about her Prince every day. 'I want to be a princess, so that I can be with him!' she thought. She was very sad.

She did not play with the dolphins or the whales or the turtles any more. They were very sad, too.

'Why are you sad, Marina?' asked her grandmother.

Marina answered, 'Because I love a prince. But I'm a mermaid and I cannot be with him.'

'That's true,' answered her grandmother. 'You have a tail. You can swim under the water but you can't walk. Your Prince has legs. He can walk but he can't swim under the water. Forget him! Be happy here under the sea with your friends and family. We all love you.'

One day Marina swam very far from her castle. She came to a dark cave. This was the home of the Sea Witch. The Sea Witch had green hair, a big nose and red eyes. She was very ugly!

Puzzles

1. Write the right words.

was swam held were saved

a) Marina _____ the Prince's head above the water.

b) Marina _____ the Prince.

c) Marina _____ very sad.

d) The dolphins, the whales and the turtles very sad, too.

e) One day Marina _____ very far from her castle.

2. Who is this?

G _ _ _ N _ _ M _ _ TH _ _ R

How many smaller words can you find in her name?

age, get, _____

'What can I do for you, little mermaid?' asked the ugly old witch.

'I want to be with my Prince,' said Marina.

'I can help you then,' said the witch. 'I can give you legs so that you can live on land.'

Marina clapped her hands. She was so happy and excited.

'But you must give me something,' said the witch. 'I'll take your beautiful voice, then you can't talk or sing!'

Marina was already too excited. She did not say anything. The witch gave her a bottle.

'Now drink this magic tea,' said the witch. 'Swim to the beach tomorrow.'

'How far is it to the Prince's palace?' asked Marina.

'It's about a thousand kilometres. You'll have to sleep on the beach. The next morning you'll have no tail; you will have legs.'

Marina drank some of the tea. It tasted very bad.

The next day she swam to the east until she saw the beach. She swam for more than ten hours. She was very tired. She fell asleep and dreamed about her Prince.

She woke up early the next day. She looked down at her tail, but it was not there! 'My beautiful tail has gone!' she thought. Now she had two long white legs.

Suddenly Marina saw her Prince. He saw her, too. He looked at the girl with the long hair and the long white legs. 'She's so beautiful,' he thought.

'What's your name?' asked the Prince. 'Where have you come from?'

Marina tried to answer, but she had no voice.

The Prince took Marina's hand and they walked to his palace. Marina's legs and feet hurt, but she was with her handsome Prince at last and she was very happy.

Puzzles

1. Write the right words.
2. Match the sentences with the pictures. Write the right letters in the boxes.
 - a) Marina asked her for help.
 - b) Marina drank it.
 - c) The Prince lived here.

The Prince gave Marina beautiful dresses and jewellery. They were happy together. She danced for her Prince. Her legs hurt very much when she danced! They walked together around the palace. Her feet hurt, too. But she always smiled.

One day the Prince said to Marina, 'You're my best friend. Let me tell you something. A young girl saved my life last year. I love her. I want to marry her but I have to find her first.' Marina was sad. Her Prince did not love her. She went for a walk on the beach. She looked at the sea. Suddenly she saw her sisters. They waved to Marina.

'Come back to us,' they cried. 'We want you to come home!'

Marina wanted to speak to her sisters but she had no voice. She wanted to see her family, her sisters and her grandmother. Sometimes she wanted to play with her friends (the dolphins, the whales and the turtles), but she wanted to be with her Prince.

One day the Prince said to her, 'Some days you are sad. Why?'

Marina thought, 'I'm sad because you don't love me.' Then one day a new servant girl came to the palace. She looked like Marina. The Prince looked at her with surprise.

'I saw her on the beach. She's the girl. She saved my life!' he thought.

He told Marina. Marina smiled sadly 'What can I do? I saved him but I have no voice to tell him,' thought Marina. 'He loves her. He will marry her. We're friends but he doesn't love me.'

1. Put in the missing letters and find the word.

The word is _____.

2. Put in the right words.

they I she he we you

Marina and the Prince were happy

a) _____ danced for her Prince. One day b)

_____ told Marina, 'c) _____ love a young girl.'

Marina saw her sisters in the sea. d) _____ said, 'e)

_____ want f) _____ to come home!'

Was Marina sad? Yes, of course.

She wanted to go home. She wanted to be in her castle under the sea with her family and friends. They loved her.

She walked to the beach. She looked to the west, to the silver green sea.

Suddenly she saw her friend, the dolphin. There was a bottle in his mouth. Some magic tea was in the bottle. Marina took the bottle. There was a note on it. 'Drink this, little sister. Come back to us.'

Marina drank the tea at once' Then she fell asleep on the beach.

Marina woke up the next morning. She had no legs! Once again she had her beautiful green and golden fish tail.

She thanked the dolphin because she had her voice again. Marina was happy to be a mermaid again. Now she just wanted to go home. She looked once more at the Prince's palace. 'Goodbye, my Prince!' she said.

Then she swam with the dolphin back to her home under the sea.

Puzzles

1. Find these words in the word square.

prince	sad
happy	once
home	saw
thank	tea
dolphin	magic
swam	voice
love	come
drink	castle
family	

2. Arrange the pictures below in the right order.

The sea

The sea is a dark place. The sea can be beautiful but it can also be dangerous. It can be shallow but it can also be deep. The deepest part is more than 11,000 metres deep!

When the weather is bad, the waves get bigger and bigger. Sailors are afraid of bad weather. Sometimes ships sink and go to the bottom of the sea. Sometimes ships disappear when the weather is good and no one sees them again.

The Bermuda Triangle, near North America, is one of the most dangerous places in the world. More than 50 ships and 20 aeroplanes have disappeared there. No one knows why.

Mermaids

Are there mermaids in the sea? Do you know? There are many stories about mermaids.

In stories a mermaid looks like a girl above the waist and a fish below the waist. Mermaids are always beautiful. They always have long golden hair and a beautiful golden tail. They are very musical and they love to sing.

Mermaids are usually friendly. They like to play with people, but they cannot stay on the land for too long. Without water they will die.

Mermaids can also be dangerous. Many sailors think that they have seen them. Some sailors think that it is a bad sign to see a mermaid in the sea. Sometimes ships go towards mermaids, to get closer to their beautiful singing.

Mermaids always sit on rocks. When the ships go too close to the rocks, the ships break on the rocks and the sailors fall into the sea.

In the harbour of Copenhagen in Denmark, in Europe, there is a statue of the Little Mermaid sitting on a rock. Many tourists like to go and see the statue when they visit Copenhagen.

Puzzles

1. Match the two parts of these sentences.

- | | | |
|--|---|--------------------------------------|
| a) The deepest part of the sea is | ▪ | ▪ more than 11,000 metres. |
| b) The Bermuda Triangle is | ▪ | ▪ in Europe. |
| c) Mermaids are | ▪ | ▪ in Copenhagen. |
| d) Denmark is | ▪ | ▪ near North America. |
| e) The statue of the Little Mermaid is | ▪ | ▪ usually very musical and friendly. |

2. Find the missing words. Write them in the boxes below.

- Mermaids always sit on _____
- When the weather is bad, the waves get _____
- The sea can be deep or _____

- d) The sea is a _____ place.
e) A mermaid looks like a girl above the _____

Whales

Whales live in the sea but they are not fish. They are mammals. This means that they have warm blood. The babies grow inside their mother. The mothers feed the babies with their own milk.

Whales have skin. They do not have scales like a fish. They need air, too. From time to time they must go to the surface of the sea to get air.

Whales have small eyes so they cannot see very well. We cannot see their ears but they can hear very well.

Whales can swim very fast. They move their tails up and down to swim. They are usually gentle animals. They are also very clever. Most whales eat fish and squid. Killer whales are dangerous. They kill seals, porpoises and penguins, and sometimes they kill other whales, too.

Blue whales are the biggest animals in the world. The biggest blue whales are over 25 metres long and weigh over 100 tonnes (1 tonne = 1,000 kilograms). They live for over 100 years.

Dolphins

Most dolphins are small whales. They live in the sea or in big rivers and they eat fish. Dolphins are mammals, so they have to come to the surface of the sea to get air. They are good swimmers. They often jump out of the water and they like to play. They are very friendly animals and also very clever.

1. Put the right words on the pictures.

the skin an eye the tail a baby whale

2. True or false?

- a) Whales are fish. _____
b) Dolphins are mammals. _____
c) Dolphins are dangerous. _____
d) Baby whales drink milk. _____
e) Whales and dolphins are clever. _____
f) Killer whales are the biggest animals in the world.

Turtles

Turtles are reptiles. They have cold blood. This means if they are in a cold place, they are cold; if they are in a hot place, they are hot. Turtles like to live in warm water.

Baby turtles come from eggs. The mothers lay the eggs on the beach. Some turtles lay up to 200 eggs every time.

Turtles have a big flat shell on their backs. The shell has two holes. The hole at the front is for the turtle's head and front

legs. The hole at the back is for its tail and back legs.

Turtles swim very fast in the water, but they walk very slowly on the land.

The biggest turtle is the leather back. Some are as big as 2.5 metres long and weigh over 500 kilograms! Some live up to 50 years!

Questions

- Page 1 a) What is a mermaid?
b) Who was the youngest sister?
c) Who were her best friends?
- Page 2 True or false?
a) Marina was happy.
b) Marina did not want to go to the surface of the sea.
c) Marina swam up to the surface of the sea on her sixteenth birthday.
- Page 3 a) What did Marina see when she raised her head above the water?
b) Who was on the boat?
- Page 5 a) The Prince _____ into the sea.
b) Marina _____ the Prince's head above the _____ water.
c) The Prince opened his eyes and _____ a girl.
- Page 6 a) What did Marina want to be?
b) Who asked her a question?
- Page 7 a) Where did Marina go one day?
b) Who did Marina see?
- Page 9 a) The witch give / gave / given Marina a bottle.
b) Marina had to give the witch her hair / tail voice.
- Page 10 a) How far was it to the Prince's palace?
b) How long did Marina swim for?
- Page 11 a) Did the Prince like Marina?
b) Did it hurt when Marina walked?
- Page 13 a) What did the Prince give Marina?
b) What did Marina do for the Prince?
c) Did the Prince want to marry Marina?
- Page 14 a) Where did Marina go?
b) Who did Marina see?
- Page 15 a) Who came to the palace one day?
b) Who liked the girl?
c) Did the girl save the Prince?
- Page 17 a) Marina wanted to be in her _____
b) The _____ gave her a bottle.
c) There was some _____ in the bottle.
- Page 18 a) Did Marina get back her voice?
b) She swam back to her home under / in / above the sea.

- c) Will Marina see the Prince again?
- Page 20 a) How deep is the deepest part of the sea?
b) Where is one of the most dangerous places in the world?
- Page 21 a) Mermaids love sing / sung / to sing.
b) Mermaids are usually dangerous / friendly.
- Page 22 True or false?
a) Mermaids usually sit on rocks.
b) Some sailors think that it is a good sign to see a mermaid.
c) The rocks break on the ships.
- Page 24 a) Whales have _____ blood.
b) Whales have _____ not scales like fish.
c) Whales can _____ very well.
- Page 25 a) Why do whales move their tails up and down?
b) What are the biggest animals in the world?
- Page 26 a) Where do dolphins live?
b) What do dolphins eat?
c) Why do dolphins come to the surface of the sea?
- Page 28 a) Turtles are mammals / reptiles.
b) Turtles have warm / cold blood.
c) Mother turtles lay the baby turtles / eggs on the beach.
- Page 29 True or false?
a) Turtles have four legs and a tail.
b) Turtles are faster on the land than in the water.

Page 4 练习

· 答案

1. 在图下填上正确的单词。

- a) handsome c) excited
b) happy d) beautiful

Page 8 练习

· 答案

1. 选择正确的单词填入空格内。

- b) saved e) swam
a) held d) were
c) was

2. 这是谁?

G R A N D M O T H E R

你能从她的名字中找出多少更小的单词?

age, get, an, and, ant, am, another, at, do, dog, dot, dream,
dear, end, go, got, great, gather, gone, her, hear, he,
hen, hand, hat, mother, mean, more, mango, no, not, near,
name, other, ran, rod, rode, rang, tea, to, the, them, then,

than, tame

Page 12 练习

· 答案

1. 写出正确的单词。
2. 把句子和图片搭配起来，在方格里写出正确的字母。

Page 16 练习

· 答案

1. 填入所缺的字母并找出单词。

The word is dress .

2. 选择正确的单词填入空格内。

- | | |
|---------------|----------------|
| a) <u>She</u> | d) <u>They</u> |
| b) <u>he</u> | e) <u>We</u> |
| c) <u>I</u> | f) <u>you</u> |

Page 19 练习

· 答案

1. 在字母方块中找出左边这些单词，把它们圈起来。

prince	sad
happy	once
home	saw
thank	tea
dolphin	magic
swam	voice
love	come
drink	castle
family	

2. 按正确的顺序排列下面的图画。

Page 23 练习

· 答案

1. 把句子的前后两部分用线连起来。
2. 找到所缺的单词，把它们填入下面的方格里。

- | | | |
|--|---|-------------------------------|
| a) The deepest part of the sea is | → | more than 11, metres. |
| b) The Bermuda Triangle is | ↘ | in Europe. |
| c) Mermaids are | ↗ | in Copenhagen |
| d) Denmark is | ↘ | near North Am |
| e) The statue of the Little Mermaid is | ↗ | usually very musical and frie |

Page 27

· 答案

1. 把正确的单词填在图画上。
2. 是“对”还是“错”？

- | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|
| a) <u>False</u> | d) <u>True</u> |
| b) <u>True</u> | e) <u>True</u> |
| c) <u>False</u> | f) <u>False</u> |

· 答案

- Page 1 a) A mermaid is half girl and half fish.
b) Marina.
c) The dolphins, the whales and the turtles.
- Page 2 a) True.
b) False.
c) True.
- Page 3 a) The silver-green sea, the sky and the sun.
b) A prince.
- Page 5 a) The Prince fell into the sea.
b) Marina held the Prince's head above the water.
c) The Prince opened his eyes and saw a girl.
- Page 6 a) A princess.
b) Her grandmother
- Page 7 a) A dark cave.
b) The Sea Witch.
- Page 9 a) The witch gave Marina a bottle.
b) Marina had to give the witch her voice.
- Page 10 a) About a thousand kilometres.
b) More than ten hours.
- Page 11 a) Yes.
b) Yes.
- Page 13 a) Beautiful dresses and jewellery.
b) She danced for him.
c) No.
- Page 14 a) She went to the beach.
b) She saw her sisters.
- Page 15 a) A new servant girl.
b) The Prince.
c) No.
- Page 17 a) Marina wanted to be in her castle.
b) The dolphin gave her a bottle.
c) There was some magic tea in the bottle.
- Page 18 a) Yes.
b) She swam back to her home under the sea.
c) No.
- Page 20 a) It is more than 11,000 metres deep.
b) The Bermuda Triangle.
- Page 21 a) Mermaids love to sing.
b) Mermaids are usually friendly.
- Page 22 a) True.
b) False.

- c) False.
- Page 24 a) Whales have warm blood.
b) Whales have skin, not scales like fish.
c) Whales can hear very well.
- Page 25 a) To swim.
b) Blue whales.
- Page 26 a) In the sea or in big rivers.
b) They eat fish.
c) To get air.
- Page 28 a) Turtles are reptiles.
b) Turtles have cold blood.
c) Mother turtles lay eggs on the beach.
- Page 29 a) True.
b) False.

Typhoon!

Thomas Chan woke up early. He looked out of the window. It was sunny! He thought, 'It's not raining. I can go outside and play.'

He was excited because today was Saturday. There was no school! Thomas liked school, but he liked Saturdays more.

Thomas lived in Hong Kong. He was ten years old. He lived with his mother, father and grandmother. Thomas also had a pet parrot. Her name was Polly, and she was very noisy

'Good morning, Thomas!' shouted Polly.

'Good morning, Polly!' said Thomas.

'Goodbye, Thomas,' said Mrs Chan.

'Have a nice day!' said Mr Chan.

Thomas's parents worked in a bank in the city. They went to work early.

'Goodbye, Mum. Goodbye, Dad. See you later!' said Thomas.

'Oh, please buy some rice, Thomas,' said Mrs Chan. 'Grandma will give you some money'

'Okay, Mum,' said Thomas.

After his parents went to work, Thomas got dressed quickly. He wanted to go and see his best friend, Peter. Peter lived in the flat below Thomas's flat.

Grandma was already in the kitchen. She liked to make breakfast for the family.

First Thomas gave Polly her breakfast. Then they started to eat their breakfast. Thomas turned on the radio. A voice said, 'Here's the news about the typhoon. Typhoon Tess is 150 kilometres south of Hong Kong. It's coming north at 50 kilometres per hour. The typhoon signal number 8 is now up, so people should not go outside.'

'Why is the typhoon called Tess?' asked Thomas.

'Typhoons always have names,' answered Grandma.

'Sometimes they have boys' names and sometimes they have girls' names.'

Puzzles

1. Who are they? Write the right names.

HOMSAT MADGRAN SHTOMXS PENARTS LOPLY

- a) _____ b) _____
c) _____ d) _____

2. Circle the mistakes. Write the right words.

- a) Peter woke up early. Thomas
b) Thomas had a pet dog.
c) Mr and Mrs Chan worked in a school.
d) Grandma liked to make lunch for the family.
e) The typhoon was 150 kilometres west of Hong Kong.

‘A typhoon! How exciting!’ thought Thomas. He looked out of the window. The sky was grey. He could see big clouds over the city. He could see big waves in the harbour, too. The boats bobbed up and down. Thomas wanted to see Peter and tell him the exciting news.

‘Grandma, can I go and see Peter now?’ he asked.

‘Yes, Thomas. But you must not go outside,’ answered Grandma.

‘But Mum asked me to buy some rice...,’ said Thomas.

‘No,’ said Grandma. ‘You must not go outside in a typhoon. It’s very dangerous.’

‘Please help me before you go and see Peter,’ said Grandma.

‘We must bring the plants and the washing inside, because the typhoon will be here soon.’

Thomas went onto the balcony and carried the plants inside. Grandma carried the washing. They closed the doors and windows.

‘Goodbye, Grandma! See you later,’ said Thomas.

‘See you later!’ shouted Polly.

Thomas ran out of the flat. He did not see the open window in his bedroom, so he did not close it. But Polly saw it!

Thomas went to Peter’s flat. Peter was already awake, too.

‘Have you heard the news?’ asked Thomas.

‘No,’ said Peter. ‘What’s happened?’

‘A typhoon is coming to Hong Kong!’ said Thomas. ‘It’s called Typhoon Tess!’

‘How far is it from Hong Kong?’ asked Peter. ‘When will it be here?’

‘Well, it’s nine o’clock now,’ said Thomas. ‘The typhoon’s about 150 kilometres south of Hong Kong. It’s coming north at 50 kilometres per hour, so...’

‘What time will it be here?’ asked Peter.

(Do you know?)

Puzzles

1. Write the right words.

a) ‘How exciting!’ Thomas _____ (think)

b) Thomas (carry) _____ the plants inside.

c) Thomas (run) _____ out of the flat.

d) Thomas (go) _____ to Peter’s flat.

e) ‘Have you (hear) _____ the news?’ asked Thomas.

2. Look at the pictures. Write the right words.

‘It’ll be here at twelve o’clock!’ said Thomas.

The boys stood beside the window in the sitting-room. ‘Look at the sea now!’ said Thomas. ‘The waves are bigger than they were before. They’re very high!’

‘Look at that man in the street,’ said Peter. ‘The wind has

blown his hat off! He's chasing it!' The boys laughed loudly. 'I have to go and buy some rice. Come with me, Peter!' said Thomas.

'It's dangerous to go outside in a typhoon,' said Peter. 'Let's go after the typhoon's gone.'

'The typhoon isn't here yet,' said Thomas. 'Come on, Peter! I'll go and get some money.'

The boys went back to Thomas's flat. They heard a noise.

'Someone's crying!' said Peter. It was Grandma.

'Grandma, why are you crying?' asked Thomas.

'Polly has gone!' said Grandma. 'The window in your bedroom was open. The wind is very strong and it's dark and stormy outside. Polly was frightened. She flew out of the window. She's lost!'

'Don't worry, Grandma,' said Thomas. 'We'll go outside and find her.'

'But you mustn't go outside...' said Grandma.

'We'll be careful,' said Thomas. 'We must find Polly!'

'Come back soon!' said Grandma.

The boys went outside. They tried to walk along the street, but the wind was too strong.

'It'll blow us away!' shouted Thomas.

Suddenly they saw a policewoman.

'Why are you here?' asked the policewoman. 'You shouldn't be outside. The typhoon signal number 8 is up!'

'Because we're looking for my pet parrot,' said Thomas. 'Her name's Polly. She flew outside because she was frightened.'

'Perhaps Polly will come home later,' said the policewoman. 'Don't worry - parrots are clever! Now go home, and don't come outside again until the typhoon's gone.'

The boys went back to Peter's flat. They were worried.

Puzzles

1. Write the right words in the spaces.

frightened clever stormy outside
dangerous

a) 'It's _____ to go outside in a typhoon,' said Peter.

b) 'It's dark and _____ outside,' said Grandma.

c) Polly flew outside because she was _____.

d) 'You shouldn't be _____!' said the policewoman.

e) The policewoman said, 'Parrots are _____.'

2. Write the right words. What is the word on the left?

Peter turned on the radio.

'Here's the news,' said a voice. 'Typhoon Tess is getting closer. The weather is already very bad in Hong Kong. There'll be a lot of rain. The wind is very, very strong. It blew a small

aeroplane off the runway ten minutes ago. The aeroplane is now in the water. There are ten passengers on the aeroplane. There are now two fire-engines and four ambulances at the airport. The firemen are trying to rescue the passengers ...'

'We can see the airport from my window!' shouted Peter.

The boys ran to the window and looked out. 'Look!' shouted Peter. 'There are some helicopters, too. They're going to rescue the passengers from the aeroplane!'

Two helicopters flew past the window. They were very noisy. The boys could see the airport. They saw an aeroplane in the sea near the runway.

'Look!' said Thomas. 'The helicopters are flying over the aeroplane. A man is climbing out of one of the helicopters. He has a rope tied around him.'

A girl stood on the wing of the aeroplane. She held up her arms. The man tried to reach her.

'Can he reach her?' said Peter. 'Yes, he can!' The man picked the girl up. Two men in the helicopter pulled the man and the girl into the helicopter.

'He has rescued her!' said Thomas. Now two more men climbed out of the helicopters. They also had ropes tied around them. They rescued all the passengers from the aeroplane.

Puzzles

1. Find the words in the word square.

Held
aeroplane
News
Tess
Voice
runway
Peter
Said
Weather
Rescue
Helicopter

2. What is going to happen next? Tick the box(es). Turn the pages and you will find the answer.

- a) Thomas is going to buy some rice.
- b) Thomas's parents are going to find Polly.
- c) Thomas is going to find Polly in his flat.
- d) Thomas is going to find Polly in Peter's flat.

The helicopters flew past Peter's window again.

'Perhaps they're taking the passengers to hospital,' said

Peter.

The telephone rang. Peter answered the telephone.

'It's your grandma,' said Peter to Thomas. 'Your mum's phoned. Your mum and dad are coming home.'

'Good! I must go home now, Peter,' said Thomas. 'But where's Polly? The typhoon's coming, and she's outside!'

'Oh, she'll come home,' said Peter. 'She's a clever bird.'

'A clever bird!' said a voice behind him. It was Polly!

'Look!' said Thomas. 'The window in the kitchen is open! Polly flew into your flat through the window! She is a clever bird!'

Thomas went home with Polly. Soon Thomas's parents came home. Thomas told them about Polly and about the aeroplane.

'Let's listen to the radio,' said Mr Chan.

Thomas turned on the radio. A voice said, 'Today the wind blew an aeroplane into the sea at the airport. Helicopters rescued ten passengers from the aeroplane and took them to hospital. The passengers were frightened, but they were not hurt. Typhoon Tess is now going west. It may come back so people should not go outside.'

'I'm hungry,' said Thomas. Then he remembered. 'Oh dear! I didn't buy the rice!'

'Don't worry,' said Mrs Chan. 'I've bought some.'

That night the wind was very noisy, but Thomas did not hear it. He was fast asleep! The next morning, he looked out of his window. It was sunny, and there was no wind, but the streets were full of rubbish. Some trees lay across the pavements.

'The typhoon's gone,' said Thomas to Polly, 'but don't fly outside again! Be a good bird!'

'A good bird!' shouted Polly.

Puzzles

1. Write the right words.

up behind to past

a) The helicopters flew _____ Peter's window again.

b) 'Come, _____ to my flat, Peter.'

c) 'A clever bird!' said a voice _____ him.

d) 'The helicopters rescued ten passengers from the aeroplane and took them _____ hospital.'

2. Put the sentences in the right order. Write the letters in the boxes.

a) Soon Mr and Mrs Chan came home.

b) The streets were full of rubbish.

c) The next morning Thomas looked out of his window.

d) Polly flew into Peter's flat.

e) They listened to the radio again.

f) Thomas went home with Polly.

- g) That night the wind was very noisy.
h) Thomas told Polly not to fly outside again.
i) Thomas told Mr and Mrs Chan about Polly and about the aeroplane.

Typhoons

A typhoon is a very strong storm. The wind can blow at 250 kilometres per hour or more. Sometimes there is a lot of rain, too.

Typhoons start over a warm sea. The winds become stronger and stronger. They turn round and round.

A typhoon can be about 400 kilometres wide! In the middle of the typhoon there is an 'eye'. The winds are fastest and strongest around this eye.

After a typhoon there is a lot of damage. The winds can pull up trees or lift up cars and boats and throw them a long way. The winds can also destroy houses.

There is usually a lot of rain after a typhoon. Sometimes the rain covers the roads, and people cannot go outside. A lot of rain can be very dangerous because there may also be landslides.

Today we can see typhoons before they come. Satellites above the earth take photographs of them. Then weather forecasters tell people about the typhoons. They also give each typhoon a name.

In Hong Kong, a typhoon signal number 8 tells people, 'A typhoon is near.' Children should not go to school, and shops and offices are closed. People should not go outside.

Puzzles

1. Match the two parts of the sentences.
2. What does the weather forecaster say? Look at the pictures.
- | | | |
|----------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|
| a) A typhoon is | ▪ | there is an 'eye'. |
| b) In the middle of
a typhoon | ▪ | take photographs
of typhoons. |
| c) After a typhoon | ▪ | a very strong storm. |
| d) Satellites above the earth | ▪ | there is a lot of damage. |

Flying Machines

Over 200 years ago there were no aeroplanes, but people wanted to fly and they made the first flying machine. It was a hot-air balloon! It had a basket to carry one passenger.

About 100 years later, people made the first airship. It looked like a sausage. It carried more passengers than hot-air balloons.

The world's longest airship was 245 metres long and it carried 36 passengers. It had cabins for passengers to sleep in, a dining-room, a reading room, a writing room and a lounge with a piano!

Wilbur and Orville Wright were two brothers from the United States. They flew the first aeroplane in 1903. It was made of wood.

It only flew 36 metres and it did not fly very fast.

Today, aeroplanes are made of metal. They can fly thousands of kilometres, and they fly very fast.

A bird uses its wings and its tail to fly. An aeroplane has wings and a tail, too, but it needs engines to make it fly.

Pilots fly aeroplanes. They sit in the cockpit of the aeroplane. They can make the aeroplane fly higher or lower. They can also make it fly faster or more slowly. It is a difficult job. Pilots have to go to flying school for many years.

A helicopter can fly forwards, upwards, downwards or sideways.

It has a rotor on top. The engine turns the rotor round very fast. This lifts the helicopter up into the air. Helicopters can go up and down in a small place. They do not need a runway. They can land on a small island, in a busy city or on a mountain. We can use helicopters to rescue people.

Puzzles

1. Read the sentences. Write the right letters in the boxes.

- a) It was 245 metres long.
- b) It carried only one passenger.
- c) Wilbur and Orville Wright made it in 1903.
- d) It does not need a runway.
- e) They have to go to flying school for many years.

A helicopter.

The first aeroplane.

The first hot-air balloon.

Pilots.

The longest airship in the world.

2. The helicopter must rescue these people. Where are they?

Write the right words.

- a) On a _____.
- b) On a small _____.
- c) In the _____.

Questions

Page 55 a) Why was Thomas Chan excited?

b) Where did Thomas live?

c) Thomas had a pet cat / dog / parrot.

Page 56 a) Where did Thomas's parents work?

b) Who did Thomas want to see?

c) Where did Thomas's friend live?

Page 57 True or false?

a) Polly turned on the radio.

b) Typhoon Tess was south of Hong Kong.

c) Typhoons never have names.

Page 59 a) Thomas could see big _____ in the harbour.

b) Grandma said I 'You must not go _____ in a typhoon.'

Page 60 a) Thomas carried / carries / carrying the plants inside.

b) Thomas saw / seeing / did not see the open window.

Page 61 a) Did Peter know about the typhoon?

b) What time was it?

Page 63 True or false?

a) The boys stood beside the window.

b) There was a woman in the street.

c) Peter did not want to go outside.

Page 64 a) _____ flew out of the window.

b) Thomas said, 'Don't _____ Grandma.'

Page 65 a) What was too strong?

b) Who did the boys see?

c) Where did the boys go?

Page 67 a) Peter turned off / up / on the radio.

b) The wind blew an aeroplane / a helicopter a man off the runway.

c) There were two/ four/ ten ambulances at the airport.

Page 68 True or false?

a) The boys could see the airport.

b) The helicopters were very quiet.

Page 69 a) Could the man reach the girl?

b) Did the men rescue all the passengers?

Page 71 a) Thomas's mother / grandmother / father phoned Peter.

b) Polly flew into Thomas's / Peter's flat.

Page 72 a) What did Thomas tell his parents?

b) Were the passengers hurt?

Page 73 a) Who bought some rice?

b) The next morning it was sunny / windy / rainy.

c) The streets were full of people / rubbish

parrots.

Page 75 a) Where do typhoons start?

b) How wide can a typhoon be?

c) What is in the middle of a typhoon?

Page 76 True or false?

a) Before a typhoon there is a lot of damage.

b) The winds can lift up cars.

c) After a typhoon there may be landslides.

Page 77 a) _____ above the earth take photographs of typhoons.

b) Who gives each typhoon a name?

- Page 79 a) When did people make the first flying machine?
b) What did the first airship look like?
c) How many passengers did the world's longest airship carry?
- Page 80 a) The first aeroplane did not fly very often / fast slowly.
b) Today, aeroplanes are made of paper / wood / metal.
- Page 81 a) Does an aeroplane need engines?
b) Where do pilots sit?
- Page 82 a) How many wings does a helicopter have?
b) Do helicopters need a runway?

Page 58 练习

· 答案

1. 他们是谁? 写出正确的名字。
a) Thomas c) Thomas's parents
b) Grandma d) Polly
2. 圈出错误, 并写出正确的单词。
a) Thomas d) breakfast
b) parrot e) south
c) bank

Page 62 练习

· 答案

1. 写出正确的单词。
a) thought d) went
b) carried e) heard
c) ran
2. 看图画, 写出正确的单词。

Page 66 练习

· 答案

1. 选择正确的单词填入空格内。
a) dangerous d) outside
b) stormy e) clever
c) frightened
2. 写出正确的单词。左边的单词是什么?

Page 70 练习

· 答案

1. 在字母方块中找出左边这些单词, 把它们圈起来。
Held
aeroplane
news
Tess
Vioce

Runway
Peter
Said
Weather
Rescue
helicopter

2. 下面将发生什么？在方格里打“ ”。翻过几页，你会找到答案的。

(学生可以选择任何答案。)

Page 74 练习

· 答案

1. 选择正确的单词填入空格内。

- a) past c) behind
b) up d) to

2. 按正确的顺序排列句子，并把字母写在方格里。

Page 78 练习

· 答案

1. 把句子的前后两部分用线连起来。

- | | | | |
|----------------------------------|---|---|----------------------------------|
| a) A typhoon is | • | • | there is an 'eye' |
| b) In the middle of
a typhoon | • | • | take photographs
of typhoons. |
| c) After a typhoon | • | • | a very strong st |
| d) Satellites above the earth | • | • | there is a lot of |

2. 天气预报员怎么说？看图并写出正确的单词。

- a) rainy c) sunny
b) windy d) stormy

Page 83 练习

· 答案

1. 读这些句子，并在方格里填入正确的字母。

A helicopter.
The first aeroplane.
The first hot-air balloon.
Pilots.
The longest iirship in the world.

2. 直升飞机必须救出这些人。他们在哪儿？写出正确的单词。

- a) mountain
b) island
c) sea

Pages 84 - 86 问题

Page 55 a) Because today was Saturday.

b) In Hong Kong.

- c) Thomas had a pet parrot.
- Page 56 a) In a bank.
b) He wanted to see Peter.
c) In the flat below Thomas's flat.
- Page 57 a) False.
b) True.
c) False.
- Page 59 a) Thomas could see big waves in the harbour.
b) Grandma said, 'You must not go outside in a typhoon.'
- Page 60 a) Thomas carried the plants inside.
b) Thomas did not see the open window.
- Page 61 a) No, he did not.
b) It was nine o'clock.
- Page 63 a) True.
b) False.
c) True.
- Page 64 a) Polly flew out of the window.
b) Thomas said, 'don't worry, Grandma.'
- Page 65 a) The wind.
b) A policewoman.
c) Back to Peter's flat.
- Page 67 a) Peter turned on the radio.
b) The wind blew an aeroplane off the runway.
c) There were four ambulances at the airport.
- Page 68 a) True.
b) False.
- Page 69 a) Yes, he could.
b) Yes, they did.
- Page 71 a) Thomas's grandmother phoned Peter.
b) Polly flew into Peter's flat.
- Page 72 a) About Polly and about the aeroplane.
b) No, they were not.
- Page 73 a) Mrs Chan bought some.
b) The next morning it was sunny.
c) The streets were full of rubbish.
- Page 75 a) Over a warm sea.
b) About 400 kilometres wide.
c) An 'eye'.
- Page 76 a) False.
b) True.
c) True.
- Page 77 a) Stellites above the earth take photographs of typhoons.
b) Weather forecasters.
- Page 79 a) Over 200 years ago.

- b) A sausage.
- c) It carried 36 passengers.
- Page 80 a) The first aeroplane did not fly very fast.
- b) Today, aeroplanes are made of metal.
- Page 81 a) Yes, it does.
- b) They sit in the cockpit of an aeroplane.
- Page 82 a) Helicopters do not have wings.
- b) No, they do not.

The Elephant Rock

Luke lived in a big house in a small village. Luke rode all round the village on his bicycle. His friend, Mark, had a bicycle, too. One afternoon they rode round the village and stopped to have a drink. Luke saw a poster on the wall. The poster said: Mr Wonder's Elephants.

'I want to go and see the elephants,' said Luke. 'I've never seen an elephant.'

'I want to go, too!' said Mark. 'I saw some elephants about two years ago and they were very clever. It will be good. Shall we go this evening?'

Luke cycled home. 'Can I go to see Mr Wonder's Elephants, please?' he asked his mother.

'No,' she said. 'You can't go because it's wrong to have animals in a show.'

Luke was very sad. 'Mum, I've never seen an elephant,' he said. 'Please can I go, Mum? Mark's going this evening!'

Luke's mother sat down to think. 'Okay, you can go,' she said. 'I don't like it but I'll have to come, too.' Luke was very excited.

The show was in a big tent outside the village. It was near Luke's house, and it took about five minutes to walk there. So Luke and his mother walked.

There was a queue outside the tent. All the people from the village were in the queue. There was a rock beside the tent. Luke pointed. 'Look, Mum,' he shouted. 'That rock looks like an elephant.' It was true. The rock had big ears, a trunk and four legs.

Luke and Mark played on the rock. Luke thought, 'The elephant's face is sad. Will Mr Wonder's elephants be sad?'

Puzzles

Who is it? Write the right person.

- a) _____ rode all round the village on his bicycle.
- b) _____ said, 'I saw some elephants about two years ago.'
- c) _____ sat down to think.

2. Look at the pictures. Write the right words.

Luke lived in a big a) _ _ _ _ e. One afternoon Luke saw a poster on the b) _ _ l _ . Luke c) _ _ _ _ e _ home. 'Can I see the d) _ _ _ p _ _ _ _ ?' he asked his mother. The e) _ h _ _ was in a _ big tent. Luke and his mother f) _ a _ _ _ _ there. There was a rock beside the g) _ _ n _ . 'That rock looks like an elephant,' Luke h) _ _ _ _ t _ _ .

3. Write the red letters above in the boxes. Read the word.

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

They all sat down inside the tent. A band played and clowns ran round the tent. The children all laughed loudly.

After a few minutes Mr Wonder walked into the tent. He said, 'Welcome to Mr Wonder's elephants.' The elephants walked into the tent. There were lots of big elephants and some small baby elephants. They did lots of tricks. They stood on two legs and they danced to the music. All the people clapped.

'This is a good show,' said Luke. 'The elephants are very clever.' He smiled, but his mother did not smile.

After the show Mr Wonder smiled and waved at the people. Luke saw him outside the tent. 'The show was very good!' said Luke. 'How do you teach the elephants to do tricks?' Luke asked.

'They do tricks because they love me,' Mr Wonder answered. Luke's mother frowned. She looked at Mr Wonder. 'Elephants shouldn't do tricks, and they should live in grasslands and forests,' she said.

Mr Wonder thought for a minute. 'But the elephants are happy,' he said.

'They're not,' Luke's mother said. She was angry.

That night Luke lay in bed, but he did not sleep. He thought about the elephants. 'Mum was right. The elephants weren't very happy,' he thought. 'And the elephant rock was sad, too.'

It was dark, but the moon shone. Luke looked out of his bedroom window and saw the elephant rock. The rock moved! Luke rubbed his eyes and looked again. The rock moved again. 'I can't understand it,' he thought. 'Rocks can't move!' Luke ran outside and went to the elephant rock. The rock was different. The elephant was happy now.

Puzzles

1. Write the right words.

- a) A band played and (snowcl) _____ ran round the tent.
- b) The elephants did lots of (strick)
- c) Luke's mother (worfden) _____
- d) That night Luke lay in bed, but he did not (spele) _____
- e) Luke (burdbe) _____ his eyes.
- f) 'Rocks can't (voem) _____', he thought.

2. Write the right words under the pictures.

Lay a band love a tent clapped smile

'This evening you were a rock. Now you can move. Are you a rock or an elephant?' asked Luke.

'I'm the Elephant King,' said the elephant. 'Mr Wonder's a magician. He's a bad man. He stole the elephants from India. He's afraid because I'm the Elephant King. So he touched me with his magic wand, and I became a rock. Now I can only talk and move when

he's asleep, and he only sleeps for a few hours every night. When he wakes up, I become a rock again.' 'How can I help you?' Luke asked. The Elephant King thought for a minute.

'I need Mr Wonder's magic wand,' he said. 'Mr Wonder sleeps in that tent, but I'm too big to go inside to get the wand. Can you get it for me?'

Luke frowned. 'Mum said: You must never steal,' Luke thought, 'but Mum wants to help the elephants.' Luke smiled. 'Yes,' he said. 'I'll creep into Mr Wonder's tent when he's asleep. I'll bring you the magic wand tomorrow night.'

The next night, Luke waited until his parents were asleep. Then he crept out of his house and ran to Mr Wonder's tent. He wanted to get the magic wand. Luke looked round. There were no people near the tent, as it was late. Luke tiptoed into the tent.

Mr Wonder was asleep. Luke saw the magic wand on a table, so he walked to the table slowly and picked up the wand. The wand moved in his hand, and Luke dropped it! Mr Wonder moved in his bed. Luke was very frightened, but the magician did not wake up! Luke ran outside very quickly.

Puzzles

1. Put the sentences in the right order. Write the letters in the boxes below.

- a) Luke tiptoed into Mr Wonder's tent.
- b) 'Can you get Mr Wonder's magic wand for me?'
- c) Mr Wonder moved in his bed but he did not wake up.
- d) 'I'm the Elephant King.'
- e) The wand moved in Luke's hand, and he dropped it.'
- f) 'Yes,' said Luke and the next night he crept out of his house.
- g) He picked up the wand.
- h) 'How can I help you?' Luke asked.

2. How will the story end? Tick one of the pictures.

Luke went to the Elephant King, and gave him the magic wand. The Elephant King held it with his trunk, and waved it in the air. 'Thank you,' he said. 'Now I will never be a rock again. I will walk and talk when Mr Wonder's awake. I will remember you, Luke.' The Elephant King was very happy.

'What will you do now?' asked Luke.

'I can't tell you,' the Elephant King said. 'Go home now. You need to sleep.'

Luke ran home and went to bed. He fell asleep quickly

The next day Luke woke up and looked out of the window. The Elephant King and the tent were not there. He ran downstairs. 'Mum,' he shouted. 'The elephant rock moved. It wasn't a rock.'

It was the Elephant King. I gave him Mr Wonder's magic wand and...'

'You dreamed about the rock,' Luke's mother said. She smiled at Luke.

Luke sat down and frowned. 'But I saw him, Mum,' Luke said. 'He talked to me.'

'Rocks can't talk,' said Luke's mother. 'Perhaps Mr Wonder and his elephants have moved to a new place.'

Luke looked out of his bedroom window every night but he never saw the Elephant King again.

A month later, Luke got a postcard. It was from India. There was a photograph of some elephants in a forest on the front of the postcard. It was from the Elephant King! There were only two words on the back: Thank you!

'Look at this, Mum,' shouted Luke. 'I told you about the Elephant King. It was true!'

Puzzles

1. Find these words in the word square.

India
postcard
dreamed
awake
sleep
quickly
Wonder
later
rock
back
window

2. Make this word square yourself. Use some of these words from the story. Circle the words you use in the square.

trunk	look
only	woke
steal	creep
rock	king
sleep	about
mother	got

Elephants

Elephants live on land. They are the biggest animals on land. The biggest elephant in the world was about 3.96 metres tall and weighed more than 12 tonnes!

Every elephant has a trunk. This is the elephant's nose, but it has no bones in it. Elephants use their trunks to smell, to touch and to breathe. They also use their trunks to suck water up and then blow the water into their mouths. Elephants use their trunks

to spray water or dust over themselves to keep cool, too.

Sometimes elephants flap their ears to keep cool. Elephants have very big ears!

Elephants also have two tusks. Most of the tusk is made of ivory. The tusks grow all the time, so old elephants can have very long tusks. The longest tusk was 3.49 metres! Some people kill elephants to get their tusks and make things, for example, jewellery.

There are two different elephants: African and Asian. African elephants are bigger and have longer tusks. African male and female elephants both have tusks, but only Asian male elephants have tusks. African elephants have bigger ears, but a smaller forehead. An African elephant's ear can be more than one metre wide.

Most elephants live in forests or grasslands. They do not eat meat. They eat leaves, twigs, bark, grass and fruit. An elephant eats about 150 kilograms of food every day. They have strong teeth at the back of their mouths. They grow new teeth all the time until they are about 55 years old.

Elephants also need to drink a lot of water. They are good swimmers and they like to splash in water, too.

Puzzles

1. Match the two parts of these sentences.

- | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|
| a) Elephants use their trunks | • | • was 3.49 metres! |
| b) Elephants have strong teeth | • | • animals on land. |
| c) The longest tusk | • | • weighed more than 12 tonnes. |
| d) Elephants are the biggest | • | • to smell, to touch and to breathe. |
| e) The biggest elephant in the world | • | • at the back of their mouths |

2. This is a picture of a female Asian elephant. There are two mistakes. Put a cross over each of them.

Elephants live for 60 or 70 years. We call male elephants bulls, female elephants cows, and baby elephants calves. Elephants do not usually have twins. The calf grows inside the mother elephant for about twenty-one months! This is the longest time for any baby animal to grow inside its mother. A new calf is about one metre tall, and it weighs about 90 kilograms. It has a lot of hair. A calf drinks milk from its mother until it is about four years old.

Elephant families live together in a herd. 30 or 40 elephants can live in a herd. The leader is an old female elephant. A herd can walk many kilometres in a day to find food and water.

When people or animals frighten an elephant, it runs very fast towards them. This is a charge. Elephants can run at 40 kilometres an hour!

Elephants are very strong. They can lift and pull heavy things,

for example, tree trunks, so people use elephants to work in forests.

In India there is a god, Ganesh. Ganesh has an elephant's head and a man's body

People in India say, 'Ganesh helps you when you do something new.' They often tell the story about Ganesh. This is the story.

Ganesh's mother asked him to stand outside her room. She said, 'Don't let any people come into my room. I don't want to see anyone.' One day her husband, Shiva, came to see her when she was in the bath. Ganesh said to Shiva, 'You can't go in.' Shiva was very angry. He cut off Ganesh's head. Ganesh's mother was very sad, so Shiva put an elephant's head on Ganesh's body!

Puzzles

1. Read the sentences. Write the right words in the blanks.

- a) Some elephants work in them. _____
- b) Ganesh's mother was in it when
Shiva came to see her. _____
- c) A baby elephant has a lot of it. _____
- d) It is a god in India. _____
- e) 30 or 40 elephants live in it. _____

2. Put the right words on the picture.

a tree trunk a calf a cow a bull

Ticks

People have taught animals to do tricks for thousands of years. Bears can walk on two legs, so people taught them to dance. Monkeys walk along branches, so people taught them to walk on a tight-rope. Seals throw fish in the air so people taught them to throw balls in the air.

Sometimes people give animals food when they do a trick. The animal wants the food, so it does the trick, and it is happy. Sometimes people are unkind to animals. Some people hit animals when they do not do tricks. Some people keep animals in very small cages.

People have done tricks for thousands of years, too. In India there is an old trick: the boy and the basket. A boy gets into a basket and a magician pushes a long knife through the lid many times. The boy is lying round the sides of the basket! Then the magician takes the knife out. 'The boy is dead!' people think, but then the boy gets out.

Magicians often hide things. They hide handkerchiefs in a hat and then pull them out. They hide rabbits, too. In 1991 in the United States a magician did 225 different tricks in two minutes!

Bicycle

Bicycle means two wheels. The first bicycle was the hobby-horse. A man made it in Germany in 1817. It did not have any pedals! The rider pushed it with his feet. In 1839 a man from Scotland made a bicycle with pedals.

People made bicycles with bigger and bigger front wheels. In about 1860 people made a bicycle with an enormous front wheel and a tiny back wheel, and called it a penny-farthing. A penny was a big coin and a farthing was a little coin. Then in 1885 there was the safety bicycle with smaller wheels. All these bicycles were only for men!

Soon there were bicycles for women, too, and in 1886 bicycles had tyres with air inside.

People cycle to get to places, and because they like it. Now millions of men, women and children have bicycles all round the world, but the most bicycles are in China.

There are bicycle races, too. There is a very big race every year in France. It is 3,267 kilometres long and it takes 23 days!

Puzzles

1. Read these sentences. Write True or False.

- a) Animals have done tricks for hundreds of years.
 - b) People taught seals to walk on a tight-rope.
 - c) Sometimes people are unkind to animals.
 - d) In India there is an old trick: the rabbit and the basket.
 - e) Bicycle means two wheels.
 - f) In about 1860 people made the penny-farthing.
 - g) In 1886 bicycles had tyres with water inside.
 - h) Now there are most bicycles in China.
2. Look at the bicycle below. Two things are missing. Draw them in.

Questions

Page 109 a) Luke lived in a big small / enormous house.
b) Luke saw a picture poster / postcard on the wall.

c) Mark saw some elephants about two / three / four years ago.

Page 110 a) Luke's mother said, 'It's _____ to have animals in a show.'

b) 'I've _____ seen an elephant,' said Luke.

c) Luke was very _____.

Page 111 a) How long did it take to walk to the show?

b) What was outside the tent?

c) What was beside the tent?

Page 113 True or false?

- a) They all stood up inside the tent.
 - b) There were lots of big elephants and some small baby elephants.
 - c) Luke's mother did not smile.
- Page 114
- a) When did Luke talk to Mr Wonder?
 - b) Who said: 'But the elephants are happy'?
- Page 115
- a) Luke thought about the _____ .
 - b) It was dark, but the moon _____ .
 - c) The elephant was _____ now.
- Page 117 True or false?
- a) 'I'm the Elephant King,' said the elephant.
 - b) Mr Wonder bought the elephants from India.
- Page 118
- a) What did the Elephant King need?
 - b) What did Mum say?
- Page 119
- a) Luke ran / crept / tiptoed out of his house.
 - b) There were few / many / no people near the tent.
 - c) Luke saw the magic wand on a table/ desk/ chair.
- Page 121
- a) What did Luke give the Elephant King?
 - b) What did Luke do at home?
- Page 122
- a) 'The elephant wasn't _____ 'a said Luke.
 - b) 'Rocks _____ talk,' said Mum.
- Page 123
- a) What did Luke get a month later?
 - b) What did it say?
 - c) Who was it from?
- Page 125 True or false?
- a) Elephants live on land.
 - b) There are no bones in an elephant's trunk.
 - c) Elephants have small ears.
- Page 126
- a) Why do some people kill elephants?
 - b) How many different elephants are there?
 - c) Which elephants are bigger?
- Page 127
- a) An elephant eats about 510 / 105 / 150 kilograms of food every day
 - b) Elephants like to splash in mud / water / sand.
- Page 129
- a) We call male elephants _____ .
 - b) Elephants do not usually have _____ .
 - c) A calf grows inside a mother elephant for about _____ months.139
- Page 130
- a) Who is the leader of a herd?
 - b) How many kilometres an hour can an elephant run?
 - c) Are elephants very strong?
- Page 131 True or false?
- a) Ganesh has a man's head and an elephants body.
 - b) Ganesh's mother asked him to stand outside her room.
 - c) Ganesh's mother cut off his head.

- Page 133 a) Can bears walk on two legs?
b) What do some people do when animals do not do tricks?
- Page 134 a) Magicians often hide / steal / hit things.
b) In 1991 a magician did 225 different tricks in two / three / four minutes.
- Page 135 a) The first bicycle was the _____
b) The first bicycle did not have any _____
c) A farthing was a _____ coin.
- Page 136 a) Do women ride bicycles now?
b) Millions of people have bicycles all round the village / world / garden.
c) There is a very big bicycle race every year in ____.

Page 112 练习

· 答案

1. 这是谁? 写出正确的人名来。

- a) Luke
b) Mark
c) Luke's mother

2. 看图画, 写出正确的单词。

- a) h o u s e e) s h o w
b) w a l l f) w a l k e d
c) c y c l e d g) t e n t
d) e l e p h a n t s h) s h o u t e d

3. 把上面的红色字母写在方格里, 读出这个单词。

e	l	e	p	h	a	n	t
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Page 116 练习

答案

1. 写出正确的单词。

- a) clowns d) sleep
b) tricks e) rubbed
c) frowned f) move

2. 在图画下面写出正确的单词。

a tent smile a band love lay clapped

Page 120 练习

· 答案

1. 按正确顺序排列句子, 把字母填入下面的方格里。

d	h	b	f	a	g	e	c
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

2. 故事会怎么结束? 勾出其中一幅图画来。

(学生可以勾出任何一幅图画。)

Page 124 练习

· 答案

1. 在字母方块中找出左边这些单词，把它们圈起来。

India
postcard
dreamed
awake
sleep
quickly
Wonder
later
rock
back
window

2. 用故事里的这几个单词，自己动手做个字块。圈出你在字块里用的词。

(学生们应该尽可能多地用这些单词，但每个字块都会不一样。)

Page128 练习

· 答案

1. 把这些句子的前后两部分用线连起来。

- | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---|---|--------------------|
| a) Elephants use their trunks | • | • | was 3.49 metres! |
| b) Elephants have strong teeth | • | • | animals on land. |
| c) The longest tusk | • | • | weighed more |
| d) Elephants are the biggest | • | • | than 12 tonnes. |
| e) The biggest elephant | • | • | to smell, to touch |
| in the world | • | • | and to breathe. |
| | • | • | at the back of |
| | • | • | their mouths |

2. 这是一幅亚洲象的图。图上有两处错误。在每个错处画一个叉。

Page 132 练习

· 答案

1. 读句子，把正确的单词填在横线上。

- | | |
|-------------------|------------------|
| a) <u>forests</u> | d) <u>Ganesh</u> |
| b) <u>bath</u> | e) <u>a herd</u> |
| c) <u>hair</u> | |

2. 把正确的单词写在图上。

Page137 练习

· 答案

1. 读这些句子，写出“对”或“错”。

- | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|
| a) <u>False</u> | e) <u>True</u> |
| b) <u>False</u> | f) <u>True</u> |
| c) <u>True</u> | g) <u>False</u> |
| d) <u>False</u> | h) <u>True</u> |

2. 看下面的自选车。有两样东西漏掉了，把它们画上去。

Pages 138 - 140 问题

· 答案

- Page 109 a) Luke lived in a big house.
b) Luke saw a poster on the wall.
c) Mark saw some elephants about two years ago.
- Page 110 a) Luke's mother said, 'It's wrong to have animals in a show.'
b) 'I've never seen an elephant,' said Luke.
c) Luke was very excited.
- Page 111 a) About five minutes.
b) A queue.
c) A rock.
- Page 113 a) False.
b) True.
c) True.
- Page 114 a) After the show.
b) Mr Wonder.
- Page 115 a) Luke thought about the elephants.
b) It was dark, but the moon shone.
c) The elephant was @ now.
- Page 117 a) True.
b) False.
- Page 118 a) Mr Wonder's magic wand.
b) You must never steal.
- Page 119 a) Luke crept out of his house.
b) There were no people near the tent.
c) Luke saw the magic wand on a table.
- Page 121 a) The magic wand.
b) He went to bed.
- Page 122 a) 'The elephant wasn't a rock,' said Luke.
b) 'Rocks can't talk,' said Mum.
- Page 123 a) A postcard.
b) Thank you.
c) The Elephant King.
- Page 125 a) True.
b) True.
c) False.
- Page 126 a) To get their tusks.
b) There are two.
c) African elephants.
- Page 127 a) An elephant eats about 150 kilograms of food every day.
b) Elephants like to splash in water.
- Page 129 a) We call male elephants bulls.
b) Elephants do not usually have twins.

- c) A calf grows inside a mother elephant for about twenty one months.
- Page 130 a) An old female elephant.
b) 40 kilometres an hour.
c) Yes, they are.
- Page 131 a) False.
b) True.
c) False.
- Page 133 a) Yes, they can.
b) They hit them.
- Page 134 a) Magicians often hide things.
b) In 1991 a magician did 225 different tricks in two minutes.
- Page 135 a) The first bicycle was the hobby-horse.
b) The first bicycle did not have any pedals.
c) A farthing was a small coin.
- Page 136 a) Yes, they do.
b) Millions of people have bicycles all round the world.
c) There is a very big bicycle race every year in France.

Save the Animals!

Paul and Lora were very excited. They were on an aeroplane. 'Look at the ground, Dad,' said Paul. He pointed out of the window. 'Look! There are lots of trees and there's a lot of grass.'

'Yes,' said Dad. 'That's Africa - We'll see a lot of animals in Africa.'

Dad's friend Obunga was a vet. He waited at the airport. He waved at the aeroplane.

Obunga took Paul, Lora and their Dad to a hut near the airport.

'Can we go and see the animals, please?' asked Paul.

'First, let's go and see the sick animals in my animal hospital,' said Obunga.

Now they were at Obunga's animal hospital. There was a lion, a baby elephant and a baby rhinoceros. They were sick.

Lora looked at Obunga's T-shirt. It said: Save the Animals! 'Why do we need to save the animals?' Lora asked.

'Because some animals in Africa can't find enough food. Some people kill animals, too. We call these people poachers,' said Obunga.

'We want to help you to save the animals. When can we see them?' said Paul and Lora.

'Tomorrow,' said Obunga.

The next day, they all went to see the animals at Grass Hill in Obunga's jeep. They saw a group of elephants. 'Last month some poachers killed some elephants,' said Obunga. 'There were a lot of elephants but there aren't many now.'

'Why do poachers kill elephants?' asked Lora.

'Because they can sell the elephants' tusks,' said Obunga. 'They also kill rhinoceroses so they can sell their horns.'

Dad, Paul and Lora took lots of photographs. 'Look over there,' shouted Paul. 'I can see some smoke. Someone has made a fire.' Suddenly there was a loud noise. It was a gun.

Puzzles

1. Look at the pictures. Write the words.
2. Read the sentences. Write True or False.
 - a) Paul and Lora were in Africa. _____
 - b) Obunga shouted at the aeroplane. _____
 - c) They went to Grass Hill first. _____
 - d) Poachers kill animals. _____
 - e) They heard a gun. _____

Obunga drove near to the fire. 'I can hear voices,' Dad said to the children. Obunga told everybody to hide behind some long grass. He went to look.

Obunga came back and said, 'There are five poachers. They've just shot a rhinoceros. They're using a big, sharp knife to cut out its horns. There's so much blood! Take a photograph of the poachers, Paul. Perhaps we can help the police to catch them.' So Paul took a photograph with his camera.

Then the men drove away quickly with the rhinoceros's horns. Obunga, Dad, Paul and Lora all stood up slowly. Lora shouted, 'Look, there's a baby rhinoceros. It's bleeding.'

'The poachers have gone,' said Paul. 'Shall we chase them?'

'No, now we must help this baby rhinoceros. Then we will tell the police about the poachers,' said Obunga. 'You can give them your film. They can look at the photograph.'

'Can we take the baby rhinoceros to your animal hospital?' Lora asked Obunga.

'Yes,' said Obunga.

They all helped to lift up the baby rhinoceros and put it into the trailer.

'Can I call her "Baby"?' Lora asked.

'Yes, of course,' said Obunga.

Obunga drove to the animal hospital. They carried Baby into the hospital carefully. They put Baby on the table gently. A vet looked at Baby's leg and said, 'I will try to help her.'

'I'll help you,' said Obunga to the vet.

Dad, Paul and Lora left the hospital and went to the police station. The policeman's name was Mr Kuto.

'We saw some poachers today at Grass Hill,' said Dad. 'They shot a rhinoceros and hurt its baby. Paul took a photograph of the poachers. It's on this film.'

'We must catch the poachers! Give me the film. Now let's go to Grass Hill in my jeep!' said Sergeant Kuto.

Puzzles

1. Fill in the blanks with these words.

the police station	a rhinoceros	a vet
poachers	the animal hospital	a photo-
graph	some grass	the film

Everybody hid behind a)_____. Obunga saw five b)_____. They shot c)_____. Paul took d)_____ of them. Obunga, Dad, Paul and Lora found a baby rhinoceros. They took it to e)_____. f)_____ looked at it. Then Dad, Paul and Lora went to g)_____. They gave Sergeant Kuto h)_____.

2. What will happen next? Which sentences is/are right? Tick () it/them.

a) Paul, Lora, Dad and Mr Kuto will catch the poachers.

- b) The poachers will kill more animals.

- c) A rhinoceros will kill the poachers.

- d) The poachers will catch Paul, Lora and Dad.

- e) The poachers will save the animals.

Sergeant Kuto drove his jeep to Grass Hill. 'Which way did the poachers go?' he asked.

'That way,' they pointed.

'Yes, you're right. Look at the tyre marks. We can follow them and we will find the poachers,' Sergeant Kuto said.

Mr Kuto drove his jeep for a long time. Soon it was night. They saw some smoke. 'Let's go and look,' said Dad.

They all got out of the jeep. They walked slowly and hid behind some trees. Paul said, 'Look, the poachers are there. They're cooking some meat on the fire.'

They watched the poachers. Suddenly Lora sneezed. The poachers heard the noise and stopped cooking. They pointed guns at Sergeant Kuto, Dad, Paul and Lora. 'Come here,' shouted the tallest poacher. 'Why are you here?'

'We want to save the animals,' said Sergeant Kuto.

The poacher was angry. He said, 'You want to catch poachers, too, but we've caught you!'

The other four poachers got some rope. They tied Paul, Lora, Dad and Sergeant Kuto to a big tree.

'Tomorrow we'll kill more rhinoceroses and elephants,' the poachers said. 'We'll get more horns and tusks. We'll be rich!' All the poachers laughed.

The next day, Obunga went to see Baby. Baby had a bandage on her leg. 'Baby's all right now,' said the vet. Obunga was happy. He went to see Dad, Paul and Lora but they were not in their hut.

Obunga went to the police station. 'Where are Paul, Lora and their Dad?' he asked the policeman.

'They went with Sergeant Kuto to look for the poachers,' said the policeman.

"Let's go and look for them,' Obunga said to the policeman. Obunga drove to Grass Hill. He saw the tyre marks. He followed them and found the poachers' fire, but no one was there.

1. Put the sentences in the right order. Write the letters in the boxes.

- | | |
|---|---|
| a) They found the poachers. | d) The poachers heard the noise. |
| b) Lora sneezed. | e) The poachers tied Paul, Lora, Dad and Sergeant Kuto to a big tree. |
| c) Paul, Lora, Dad and Sergeant Kuto went to GrassHill in Sergeant Kuto's jeep. | f) They saw some smoke. |
| | g) They saw some tyre marks. |

2. Who said these? Write the right letters in the boxes.

- a) 'Tomorrow we'll kill more rhinoceroses and elephants.'
- b) 'Which way did the poachers go?'
- c) 'They're cooking some meat on the fire.'
- d) 'Where are Paul, Lora and their Dad?'
- e) 'Baby's all right now.'

The poachers were in their cave. The horns and tusks were in a big box. The poachers all laughed. 'We'll be rich,' said the fattest poacher. Sergeant Kuto, Dad, Paul and Lora were in the cave, too. They were frightened.

'Perhaps the poachers will kill us,' Paul whispered.

Now Obunga and the policeman were outside the cave. They saw the poachers' jeep near the cave. 'The poachers must be in that cave. Perhaps Sergeant Kuto, Paul, Lora and their Dad are inside, too,' Obunga said. 'Let's go in and help them.'

'Don't move,' a voice shouted. It was Obunga. He pointed a gun at the poachers. The policeman untied Sergeant Kuto, Dad, Paul and Lora.

'You've saved us,' shouted Lora.

Sergeant Kuto and the policeman tied up the poachers.

'Now the poachers can't kill any more animals,' said Paul.

'We've saved the animals!'

Sergeant Kuto and the policeman put the big box into their jeep.

'I'll take the poachers to prison,' said Sergeant Kuto.

'Baby's not sick now,' said Obunga. 'Do you want to see her?'

'Yes, please,' shouted Paul and Lora.

Today was Paul, Lora and Dad's last day in Africa. They were at the airport. Obunga gave everybody a T-shirt. The T-shirts said: Save the Animals!

Paul said, 'I don't want to go home. I want to help Obunga to save the animals.'

'No,' said Dad. 'We must go home now. Obunga and his friends can save the animals.'

'You can help to save the animals when you go home,' said Obunga.

'Tell your friends about Africa. Tell them about the animals. Tell them not to buy rhinoceros horns and elephant tusks.'

'We will,' said Paul and Lora. 'Goodbye, Obunga!'

Puzzles

Write the right words in the boxes.

rhinoceroses	giraffes	horns	poachers
elephants	tusks	a jeep	a trailer

Animals in Africa

There are lots of animals in Africa. Some of them only live in Africa but some live in other countries, too.

Elephants are the largest animals on land. African elephants have very big ears. They are very strong and heavy. Some African elephants weigh over 7,000 kilograms.

Elephants have two big long tusks and a long trunk. They use their trunks for drinking, breathing, smelling and picking up things. Elephants eat grass, leaves and twigs. They use their trunks to pick up their food.

Rhinoceros means 'a horn on its nose'. All rhinoceroses in Africa have two horns. Some rhinoceroses in other countries have only one horn.

Rhinoceroses eat plants. They do not eat meat. Rhinoceroses are very strong and they have short, thick legs. They can run quickly when they are frightened. They are big and fat and they have thick skin. They like rolling about in mud so they are not too hot and insects cannot bite them.

Hippopotamus means 'river horse'. Hippopotamuses only live in Africa. They have very thick skin, and short, thick legs. They are very heavy. Some of them weigh 4,500 kilograms. They often fight each other.

Hippopotamuses have enormous heads. Their nostrils, eyes and ears are very small but they can smell, see and hear very well.

Hippopotamuses swim in water and walk on land. They eat grass and other plants. They come out of the water every night to find food.

Puzzles

1. Find these words in the word square.

horns
plants
mud
twigs
insects
nostrils
trunk
Africa
hippopotamus
rhinoceros

2. Some things are missing on each animal. Draw them.

In the past there were lions in many different places in the world. Now we can only find lions in Africa and southern Asia.

Lions live in groups. We call a mother lion a lioness and a baby lion a cub. In Africa lionesses hunt zebras and antelopes, and all the lions eat them. They eat two or three times each week. After lions have eaten, they always lie under trees to sleep for many hours.

The cheetah has black spots on its fur. It has long, thin legs, a long tail, a thin body and a small head. A cheetah is as long as a lion but it is much lighter. Cheetahs can run faster than any other animals. They can run faster than 80 kilometres an hour. Cheetahs hunt in the day. They like to eat small antelopes.

Giraffes are the tallest animals in the world. Some giraffes are over five metres tall and weigh over 800 kilograms. They can see very well. They usually eat early or late in the day and rest in the afternoon.

There are monkeys in Africa. They all have long arms and legs so they can swing from tree to tree. Some monkeys also have very long tails. Most monkeys live in trees. Some monkeys live on the ground more than in trees, for example, baboons.

Some African monkeys are very beautiful. Some monkeys have a red coat. This one has a white ring on its face and a white chest.

Puzzles

1. join the two parts of the sentences.

- | | | |
|--|---|------------------------------|
| a) We call a baby lion | • | • black spots on its body |
| b) A cheetah has | • | • as long as a lion. |
| c) A lion eats | • | • in trees. |
| d) Monkeys have | • | • a cub. |
| e) A cheetah is | • | • two or three times a week. |
| f) Baboons live on the
ground more than | • | • long arms and long legs. |

2. Write the names of the animals in the boxes.

We Must Save the Animals!

Every year many animals die. Some animals die because they are sick. Some die because people kill them and some die because they have nowhere to live.

In some countries animals die because there is not enough food. Today there are only about 500 pandas in the forests in China. Pandas eat bamboo but sometimes the weather is very bad and the bamboo does not grow, so there is not enough bamboo for the pandas to eat. And the pandas die!

In some countries, people kill animals for money.

Poachers kill elephants for their tusks. The tusks are made of ivory and the poachers sell them to factories for a lot of money. In the factories people make lots of things with ivory, for example, combs, jewellery and paper knives. Today we must save elephants; we must not kill them for their tusks. So we must not buy ivory!

Poachers also kill rhinoceroses because people in the Middle East use the horns to make handles for daggers.

People also kill lots of other animals for their skins, their fur or their meat. They kill leopards, crocodiles and snakes for both their meat and skins. People make coats with leopard skins, and bags, purses and shoes with crocodile and snake skins. People also eat crocodiles, snakes, turtles and birds. Sometimes people kill animals and birds for sport, too.

How do people help to save the animals? People now keep some animals in zoos or in parks so poachers cannot kill them. We call the parks Wildlife Parks. We can go to Wildlife Parks by car and watch the animals.

Puzzles

What are they? Read the sentences. Write the letters in the boxes and write the words in the blanks.

- a) They eat bamboo.
- b) People use them to make coats.
- c) People make dagger handles with them.
- d) People use them to make jewellery.
- e) People keep animals in it so poachers cannot kill the animals.

Questions

Page 161 a) Where were Paul and Lora?

b) Which country were they in?

c) Who was Dad's friend?

Page 162 a) Where were the sick animals?

b) What did Obunga's T-shirt say?

Page 163 a) Obunga had a car/ lorry/ jeep.

b) What animals did some poachers kill last month?

c) Poachers killed rhinoceroses for their trunks / horns / tusks.

Page 165 Who said these? a) 'I can hear voices.'

b) 'Take a photograph of the poachers, Paul.'

c) 'Look, there's a baby rhinoceros.'

Page 166 a) Did they chase the poachers?

b) Where did they put the baby rhinoceros?

c) What did Lora want to call the baby rhinoceros?

Page 167 a) Who looked at the baby rhinoceros's leg?

b) What was the policeman's name?

- c) What did Dad give the policeman?
- Page 169 a) They saw some jeep / tyre / aeroplane marks.
b) It was morning / day / night.
c) They saw some sand / shoes / smoke.
- Page 170 a) Who sneezed?
b) Who heard the noise?
c) What did the poachers do?
- Page 171 True or false? a) Baby was still sick.
b) Paul, Lora and their Dad were in the house.
c) Obunga found Paul, Lora and Dad.
- Page 173 a) Where were Dad, Lora and Paul?
b) Where were the horns and tusks?
c) Where were Obunga and the policeman?
- Page 174 a) What did Obunga have in his hand?
b) What did Sergeant Kuto and the policeman do?
- Page 175 a) What did Obunga give everybody?
b) What did Paul want to do?
- Page 177 True or false?
a) Elephants are the smallest animals on land.
b) African elephants have very big ears.
c) Elephants have tusks.
- Page 178 a) What do rhinoceroses eat?
b) How many horns do African rhinoceroses have?
c) Why do they roll about in mud?
- Page 179 a) Where do hippopotamuses live?
b) Do hippopotamuses have big heads?
c) What do they eat?
- Page 181 a) Do lions live in groups?
b) What do we call a mother lion?
- Page 182 a) The cheetah can run slower / faster than other animals.
b) Cheetahs hunt at night / in the day.
c) Giraffes are the biggest/ fattest/ tallest animals in the world.
- Page 183 a) Do all monkeys have long tails?
b) Where do most monkeys live?
- Page 185 True or false.
a) Some animals die because they are sick.
b) There are a lot of pandas in China.
c) Pandas eat bamboo.
- Page 186 In the _____ people use rhinoceros horns to make dagger handles.
- Page 187 a) What do people make with leopard skins?
b) Do people eat crocodiles?
- Page 188 a) Where do people keep some animals now?
b) Can we drive in a Wildlife Park?

Page 164 练习

· 答案

1. 看图，写出单词。
2. 读这些句子，写出“对”或“错”。
 - a) True
 - b) False
 - c) False
 - d) True
 - e) True

Page 168 练习

· 答案

1. 用这些词填空。
 - a) some grass
 - b) poachers
 - c) a rhinoceros
 - d) a photograph
 - e) the animal hospital
 - f) A vet
 - g) the police station
 - h) the film
2. 后面会发生什么事？哪个（些）句子是对的？在句子后的横线上打“ ”。
(学生可以根据自己的猜想回答。)

Page 172 练习

· 答案

1. 按正确的顺序排列句子，并把字母写在方格里。
2. 谁说了这些话？把正确的字母写在方格里。

Page 176 练习

· 答案

选择正确的单词填在方格里。

Page 180 练习

· 答案

1. 在字母方块中找出左边这些单词，把它们圈起来。
 - horns
 - plants
 - mud
 - twigs
 - insects
 - nostrils
 - trunk
 - Africa
 - hippopotamus
 - rhinoceros
2. 每个动物都少了些东西，把它们画上去。

Page 184 练习

· 答案

1. 把句子的前后两部分用线连起来。

- | | | |
|--|--|-----------------------------|
| a) We call a baby lion | | black spots on its body . |
| b) A cheetah has | | as long as a lion . |
| c) A lion eats | | in trees . |
| d) Monkeys have | | a cub . |
| e) A cheetah is | | two or three times a week . |
| f) Baboons live on the ground more than | | long arms and long legs . |

2. 在方格里写出这些动物的名字。

Page 189 练习

· 答案

它们是什么？读这些句子，在方格里写出字母并在空格内写出单词。

<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">b</div> leopard skins	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">c</div> horns	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">d</div> tusks
<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">e</div> a wildlife park	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">a</div> pandas	

Pages 190 - 192

· 答案

Page 161 a) They were on an aeroplane.

b) Africa.

c) Obunga.

Page 162 a) At Obunga's animal hospital.

b) Save the Animals!

Page 163 a) Obunga had a jeep.

b) They killed some elephants.

c) Poachers killed rhinoceroses for their horns.

Page 165 a) Dad.

b) Obunga.

c) Lora.

Page 166 a) No, they did not.

b) They put it into the trailer.

c) Baby.

Page 167 a) A vet.

b) Mr Kuto.

c) The film.

Page 169 a) They saw some tyre marks.

b) It was night.

c) They saw some smoke.

Page 170 a) Lora.

b) The poachers.

c) They pointed guns at Sergeant Kuto, Dad, Paul and Lora, and tied them to a tree.

Page 171 a) False.

- b) False
 - c) False.
- Page 173
 - a) They were in the poachers' cave.
 - b) They were in a big box.
 - c) They were outside the cave.
- Page 174
 - a) The poachers' guns.
 - b) They put the big box of tusks and horns into their jeep.
- Page 175
 - a) A T-shirt.
 - b) He wanted to help Obunga to save the animals.
- Page 177
 - a) False.
 - b) True.
 - c) True.
- Page 178
 - a) They eat plants.
 - b) Two.
 - c) So they are not too hot and insects cannot bite them.
- Page 179
 - a) In Africa.
 - b) Yes, they do.
 - c) They eat grass and other plants.
- Page 181
 - a) Yes, they do.
 - b) A lioness.
- Page 182
 - a) The cheetah can run faster than other animals.
 - b) Cheetahs hunt in the day.
 - c) Giraffes are the tallest animals in the world.
- Page 183
 - a) No, they do not.
 - b) In trees.
- Page 185
 - a) True.
 - b) False.
 - c) True.
- Page 186 In the Middle East people use rhinoceros horns to make dagger handles.
- Page 187
 - a) They make coats.
 - b) Yes, they do.
- Page 188
 - a) Wildlife Parks.
 - b) Yes, we can.

